DIALOGUE INHIBITORS AND ENHANCERS

Inhibitors are behaviors that tend to sabotage good dialogue. Inhibitors evoke defensiveness, less listening, less honest responses, and in the end produce less partnership & trust, while rarely changing anyone's opinions or actions.

Enhancers are behaviors that facilitate effective communication, good dialogue, and building shared understanding.

Enhancer #1: AUTHENTICITY	Inhibitor #1: INCONGRUENCE
 We are in touch with what we really think and feel. 	 We are not fully in touch with what we think and feel.
 We communicate our authentic experience in appropriate ways, 	 There is a gap between what's going on inside and what and how we communicate. We do not share what we feel.
 We include the <u>feelings</u> we may have, in addition to our thoughts and perceptions. 	
 We are resonant with and serving our core purpose. (and/or the collective purpose to 	• We are cut of from our deeper purpose.

Enhancer #2: CLEAR INTENT	Inhibitor #2: LACK OF CLEAR PURPOSE
 We know what we are wanting from the interaction. 	 We're not sure what we are wanting from the interaction.
 We communicate clearly what we are seeking: 	 We give unclear or mixed messages about what we seek from the other.
 simply to be heard 	 We make no requests, or they are

- to understand the other's experience
- to problem solve
- etc.
- We make clear requests that are:

which you are both committed)

- actionable
- · within the others power to meet
- requests, not demands

 We make no requests, or they are unskillful.

Enhancer #3: OPENESS

- While we may have strong opinions and feelings, we remember that we don't know everything.
- We appreciate that each person has their own perspective on the "truth."
- We understand that incorporating a diversity of views creates greater wisdom and better solutions.
- We therefore approach interactions with a spirit of inquiry, even curiosity.
- We make no assumptions about other peoples' motives, intentions or inner feelings.
- Our purpose is to learn.

Inhibitor #3: CERTAINTY

- We believe and act as if our view of reality is the only right one.
- We communicate an inherent lack of respect for the opinions of others.
- We are not seeking further information, because we seem to believe that we know <u>everything</u> that we need to know.
- Our certainty even extends to believing that we know the motives, intentions and inner feelings of others.
- Our sole purpose is to convince.

Enhancer #4: EXPLORING CONTRIBUTION	Inhibitor #4: BLAME
 We understand that each of us contributed to creating any give situation. 	 Our focus is completely on what the other did wrong.
These contributions may be active or passive.	 We fail to acknowledge our own contributions to the situation.
 We seek to broaden our understanding of our 	
own contribution, even while wanting others to	 Our tone is accusatory.
take responsibility for their contributions.	Our sole purpose is to get the other person to
 We seek dialogue that will advance our learning and ability to deal with the given 	agree that that are at fault.

Enhancer #5: CONTACT

- We are present with those to whom we are in communication.
- We listen deeply.

situation.

- Even while we are speaking, we remain aware of whom we are talking to.
- We communicate at a pace and in ways that are generally in tune with the person to whom we are speaking.

Inhibitor #5: SELF-ABSORPTION

- We are distracted, or preoccupied with our own experience.
- We have little attention for others in the interaction.
- We have difficulty listening.
- When speaking, we maintain little awareness of whom we are speaking to.
- Other people in interaction do not have the experience of being attended to or respected.