Planning during the Pandemic

Using scenario planning to make decisions during uncertain times



Agenda

- Session/tech expectations
- Introductions
- The current context
- Planning and decision-making in the current context
- A hidden opportunity

Session/Tech Expectations

Please be prepared to:

- Stay on mute during presentation
- Use chat to ask questions or make comments
- Use polling and chat for interactive portions

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I will:

- Pause for clarifying questions at section ends
- Address meatier questions during Q&A from 10:15-10:30
- Stay online for informal "after class time" from 10:30-10:45

Me

- Me
- Julie Koo

- Me
- Julie Koo
- Vice President at TDC

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- Nonprofit organization that offers consulting and research services to the nonprofit sector

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- Nonprofit organization that offers consulting and research services to the nonprofit sector
- Practice centered on strategic planning for BIPOC arts organizations and arts sector research

Polls

You!

- You!
- What position do you hold at your organization?

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- What subsector do you work within?

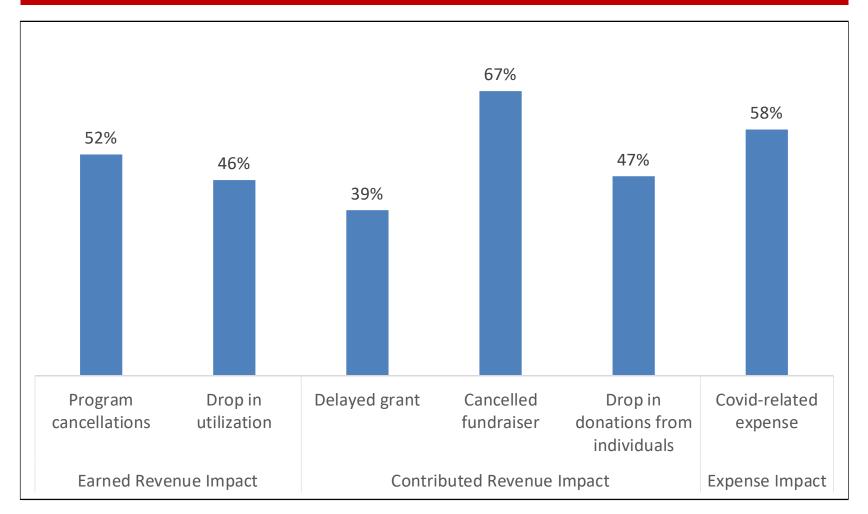
- You!
- What position do you hold at your organization?
- What subsector do you work within?
- What is your organization's budget size?

The current context

Poll

Since the onset of Covid-19, which of these financial issues have you had to manage?

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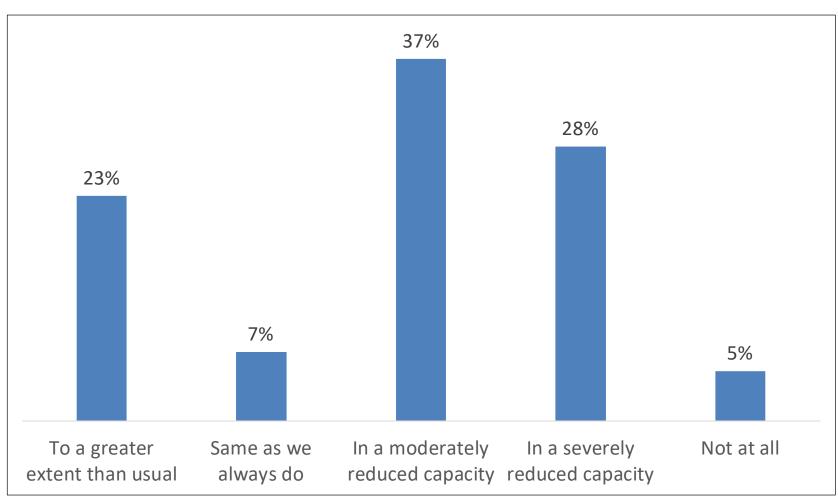


Source: CT Nonprofits & COVID-19: A Pulse Survey (September 2020)

Poll

To what extent have you been delivering your normal programs and services during the pandemic?

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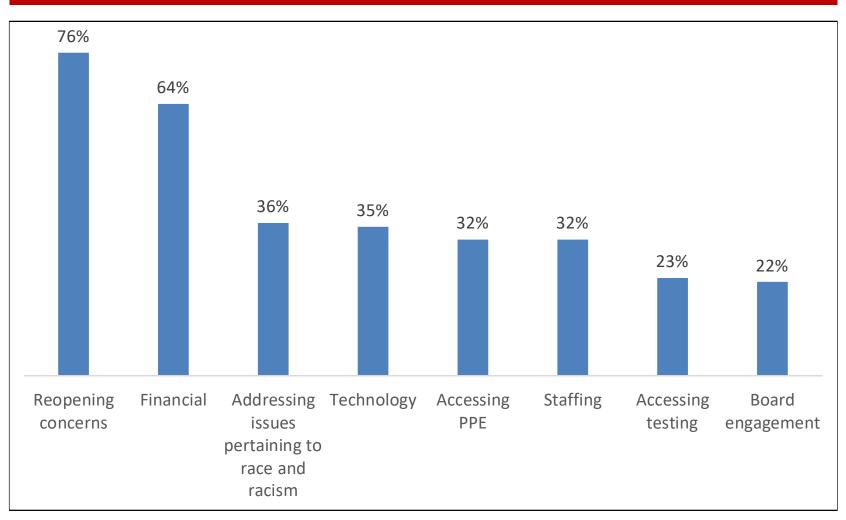


Source: CT Nonprofits & COVID-19: A Pulse Survey (September 2020)

Poll

What are the pressing challenges your organization faces during this extraordinary time?

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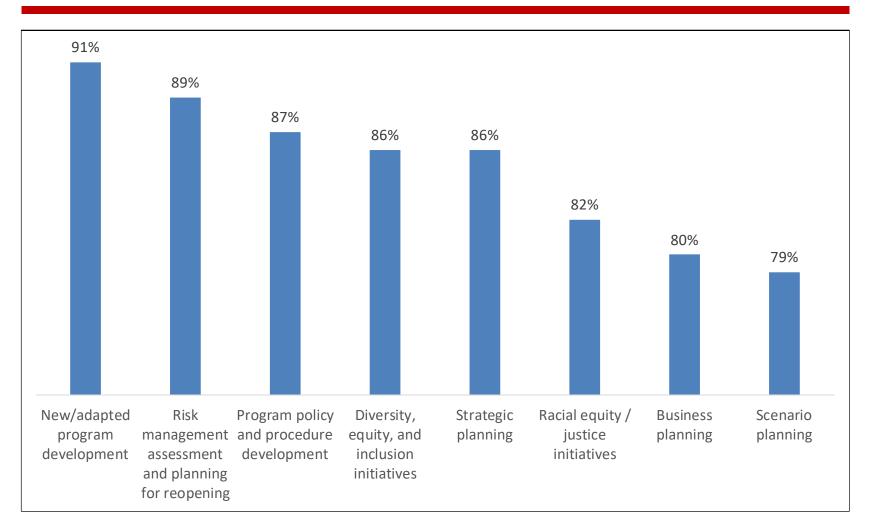


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Poll

Which activities are you likely to undertake within the next 3-6 months?

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Why plan in this context?

- Decide what is core to your organization
 - Understand the level of resource needed to conserve the core: Don't cut too little or too much
 - Decide which opportunities to pursue
 - Decide which pandemic-related innovation to retain
- Start a conversation with supporters
- But, no need for overkill

Scenario planning

What is scenario planning?

- Articulation of possible choices and outcomes given different parameters
- Informed by hypothesis of external conditions and choices made in response
- Should be grounded in shared guiding principles (such as organizational values and mission)
- Projects 12 to 18 months at a high level

Factors at play in building scenarios

Guiding principles

- Core values
- Needs of beneficiaries
- Core programs

External uncertainties

- Public health conditions
- Participation levels
- Philanthropic priorities

Organizational response

- Program mix
- Staffing levels
- Infrastructure mix

Implications

- Financial
- Non-financial

The planning process



Our example: HCYS

- Youth development organization serving predominantly Chinese American community
- Rents a 5,000 square foot space
- Program mix
 - Daycare for infants and toddlers
 - Afterschool program for elementary and middle school
 - Workforce development and cultural programs for teens
- Total annual operating budget of \$3M
- Entering into FY22 (starting 7/1/2021) with \$800K in cash

Start with guiding principles



- What is the core of your mission and vision you wish to preserve?
 - What do you see as your responsibility to beneficiaries?
 - What do you see as your responsibility to partners and others in the community?
 - What are your commitments to equity and justice? How will you preserve these?
 - Are there pieces of current strategy that are critical to preserve?
- What pieces of mission, vision, and values have been challenged?
- In a world of difficult tradeoffs, what pieces of the mission, vision, and values should be prioritized, and why?

HCYS: Guiding Principles

Guiding principles

External uncertainties

Organizational response

- Cultural representation and arts-infused learning to develop youth voice
- Community building to support youth social emotional development
- Family engagement

Implications

Set the parameters



- Estimate the potential parameters for each external uncertainty:
 - Might public health conditions continue to be an issue?
 - How might need and participation levels shift over time?
 - Are there issues of timeline?
 - Are there unexpected factors that have suddenly emerged?
- Define the worst case scenario
 - Highlights the implications of fixed costs
 - Clarifies the cash needed to start or restart programming
 - Provides a baseline sense of cash need

HCYS: External uncertainties

Guiding principles

- Cultural representation and arts-infused learning to develop youth voice
- Community building to support social emotional development
- Family engagement

External uncertainties

- Public health: Capacity limitations, cleaning cost
- Client demand:
 Childcare and afterschool program demand down during pandemic
- Community issues:

 Increase in anti-Asian
 hate incidents; sharp rise
 in unemployment during
 pandemic

Organizational response

Implications

Identify choices



- Given the parameters you identified and your guiding principles, identify the choices you might make to respond:
 - What programming would you offer?
 - What might you need to do to respond to external uncertainties?
 - What staffing and infrastructure do you need for programming?

HCYS: Program choices

- Childcare and afterschool programs reduced by 50% due to significant unemployment of parents from pandemic
 - Teen director developed idea for workforce development program for parents, training them to start family childcare programs
 - Long-term transition of childcare program focus to preschool
 - Expectation that afterschool demand will come back as economy returns
 - Offer free virtual programming until demand is back
 - Potential need to reduce childcare staffing
 - Reduced space need in morning
- Longer-term new program ideas
 - Community college space use
 - Additional workforce development for parents/other adults in community
 - Mental health support
 - Community engaged art projects to address anti-Asian hate
 - Collaboration with other BIPOC community organizations

HCYS: Organizational response

Guiding principles

- Cultural representation and arts-infused learning to develop youth voice
- Community building to support social emotional development
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External uncertainties

- Public health: Capacity limitations, cleaning cost
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Organizational response

- Programming: Reduced scale childcare combined with workforce development, reduced scale afterschool program, teen artist project on anti-Asian hate
- Operations: Potential staff reductions

Implications

Estimate financial implications



- What are the implications for budget and operations for base case?
- Are there any one-time investment needs?
- How do shifts in scale and timing of revenue, expense, and capital needed impact cash flow?
- Are there implications on contributed revenue for programmatic choices?
- What are implications for cash position?

HCYS: Major program assumptions

| | Daycare | Workforce | Afterschool | Teens | Public Art | Space |
|-------------------|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Notes | • 50% down • Grants may reduce • Layoffs? | NewSeeking grant\$50K for curriculum | • 50% down • Could come back | Add public art program | NewSeeking grant | • 2 classrooms • \$50K for rehab |
| Earned Revenue | \$200K | 0 | \$200K | 0 | 0 | \$100K hi 0 lo |
| Contributions | \$500K hi \$350K lo | \$150K hi 0 lo | \$400K hi \$200K lo | \$250K | \$100K hi 0 lo | 0 |
| Expense | \$768K hi \$468K lo | \$123K | \$573K | \$153K | \$70K | \$90K |

- Overhead: \$1M revenue \$1.325M expense = (\$325K) net
 - Included \$100K increased cost for cleaning
- Worst case: (\$250K) cash shortfall

Deploying your own capital

- How can your board-designated reserves support working capital?
 - Maintain at least one month of <u>unrestricted</u> operating cash (sized to future need, not current footprint)
 - Do not include deferred revenue in your working capital calculation
- Can you self-fund change capital?
 - Consider the benefits and risks of the maximum investment draw
- Should you use a facility reserve for working capital?
 - Is your facility core to the mission and vision you are trying to preserve?
 - If so, preserve these funds—the needs are real, and the capital is often hard to come by
- What are appropriate uses of debt?
 - Long-term debt with low rates
 - Line of credit that supports cash flow
 - Only appropriate in circumstances where your annual budget resolves and you have a plan for payback
 - Campaign financing only for the amount of pledges received to date

HCYS: Implications

Guiding principles

- Cultural representation and arts-infused learning to develop youth voice
- Community building to support social emotional development
- Family engagement

External uncertainties

- Public health: Capacity limitations, cleaning and screening practices, ability to get PPE
- Client demand:
 Willingness of families to bring children to care
- Hate-motivated violence: Increase in anti-Asian incidents

Organizational response

- Programming: Reduced scale childcare combined with workforce development, maintain hybrid afterschool program, teen artist project on anti-Asian hate, community college partnership
- Operations: Potential staff reductions

Implications

 Financial: Potential need for \$250K loan or cost reduction

Assess scenarios



- What are the potential financial risks associated with each scenario?
- How does each scenario respond to the organization's guiding principles?
- Is the organization set up for sustainability?

HCYS: Worst case

| | Risk | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|----------|-------------------------|
| | Total | Overhead I | - , | Workforce development | Afterschool | Teen I | | Extra space capacity |
| <u>Revenue</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Fees | 400,000 | | 200,000 | | 200,000 | <mark>)</mark> | | |
| Rent | 0 | | | | | | | 0 |
| Earned Revenue | 400,000 | 0 | 200,000 | (| 200,000 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Individual | 500,000 | 500,000 | | | | | | |
| Institutional | 1,050,000 | 500,000 | 200,000 | (| 100,000 | 250,000 | 0 | |
| Government | 500,000 | | 300,000 | | 200,000 |) | | |
| Contributions | 2,050,000 | 1,000,000 | 500,000 | (| 300,000 | 250,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Revenue | 2,450,000 | 1,000,000 | 700,000 | <u>(</u> | 500,000 | 250,000 | <u>0</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Expense | | | | | | | | |
| Staff | 2,000,000 | 650,000 | 600,000 | 100,000 | 500,000 | 100,000 | 50,000 | |
| Occupancy | 450,000 | 225,000 | 67,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | | 90,000 |
| Expenses | 500,000 | 300,000 | 100,000 | | 50,000 | 30,000 | 20,000 | |
| Fundraising | 150,000 | 150,000 | | | | | | |
| Total Expense | 3,100,000 | 1,325,000 | 767,500 | 122,500 | 572,500 | 152,500 | 70,000 | 90,000 |
| Net Income | (650,000) | (325,000) | (67,500) | (122,500 | (72,500 | 97,500 | (70,000) | (90,000) |
| One-time investment | (100,000) | | | (50,000 |) | | | (50,000) |
| Starting cash Ending cash | 500,000 (250,000) | | | TDC | | | | 43 |

HCYS: Best case

| | Risk | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------|---------|---------|-------------------------|
| | Total | Overhead D | - , | Workforce development | Afterschool | Teen i | | Extra space capacity |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Fees | 600,000 | | 200,000 |) | 400,000 | | | |
| Rent | 100,000 | | | | | | | 100,000 |
| Earned Revenue | 700,000 | 0 | 200,000 | 0 | 400,000 | 0 | 0 | 100,000 |
| Individual | 500,000 | 500,000 | | | | | | |
| Institutional | 1,300,000 | 500,000 | 200,000 | 150,000 | 100,000 | 250,000 | 100,000 | |
| Government | 500,000 | | 300,000 | 1 | 200,000 | | | |
| Contributions | 2,300,000 | 1,000,000 | 500,000 | 150,000 | 300,000 | 250,000 | 100,000 | 0 |
| Total Revenue | 3,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 700,000 | 150,000 | 700,000 | 250,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Expense | | | | | | | | |
| Staff | 1,700,000 | 650,000 | 300,000 | 100,000 | 500,000 | 100,000 | 50,000 | |
| Occupancy | 450,000 | 225,000 | 67,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | | 90,000 |
| Expenses | 500,000 | 300,000 | 100,000 |) | 50,000 | 30,000 | 20,000 | |
| Fundraising | 150,000 | 150,000 | | | | | | |
| Total Expense | 2,800,000 | 1,325,000 | 467,500 | 122,500 | <u>572,500</u> | 152,500 | 70,000 | 90,000 |
| Net Income | 200,000 | (325,000) | 232,500 | 27,500 | <u>127,500</u> | 97,500 | 30,000 | <u>10,000</u> |
| One-time investmen | t (100,000) | | | (50,000) | | | | (50,000) |
| Starting cash Ending cash | 500,000 600,000 | | | TDC | | | | 44 |

HYCS: Long run

| | Risk | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------|----------------|---------|----------|-------------------------|
| | Total | Overhead Da | - , | Workforce development | Afterschool | Teen P | | extra space capacity |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Fees | 600,000 | | 200,000 | 1 | 400,000 | | | |
| Rent | 100,000 | | | | | | | 100,000 |
| Earned Revenue | 700,000 | 0 | 200,000 | 0 | 400,000 | 0 | 0 | 100,000 |
| Individual | 500,000 | 500,000 | | | | | | |
| Institutional | 1,050,000 | 500,000 | 50,000 | 150,000 | 100,000 | 250,000 | 0 | |
| Government | 500,000 | | 300,000 |) | 200,000 | | | |
| Contributions | 2,050,000 | 1,000,000 | 350,000 | 150,000 | 300,000 | 250,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Revenue | 2,750,000 | 1,000,000 | 550,000 | 150,000 | 700,000 | 250,000 | <u>0</u> | 100,000 |
| Expense | | | | | | | | |
| Staff | 1,650,000 | 650,000 | 300,000 | 100,000 | 500,000 | 100,000 | 0 | |
| Occupancy | 450,000 | 225,000 | 67,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | | 90,000 |
| Expenses | 480,000 | 300,000 | 100,000 |) | 50,000 | 30,000 | 0 | |
| Fundraising | 150,000 | 150,000 | | | | | | |
| Total Expense | 2,730,000 | 1,325,000 | 467,500 | 122,500 | <u>572,500</u> | 152,500 | <u>0</u> | 90,000 |
| Net Income | 20,000 | (325,000) | 82,500 | 27,500 | 127,500 | 97,500 | <u>0</u> | <u>10,000</u> |
| One-time investment | . 0 | | | 0 | | | | 0 |
| Starting cash Ending cash | 500,000 520,000 | | | TDC | | | | 45 |

HCYS: Non-financial benefits

- What are the non-financial benefits new programs would generate?
 - Addressing unemployment
 - Addressing cost of childcare
 - Addressing anti-Asian hate
 - Adding college education onsite with unused space
- How do the intangible (non-financial) benefits respond to guiding principles? What unspoken principles might they reveal?
 - Family engagement
 - Cultural representation

HCYS: Considering cost and benefit

- What is the financial result of the scenario?
 - In worst case, HCYS would need to take on debt or reduce daycare staff to meet cash needs
 - In long run, HCYS needs to reduce daycare staff or find other revenue stream to balance budget
- Do the intangible benefits merit the risk of financial loss?
- What are the comparative costs and benefits of other options?
 - Is there another programmatic option that would result in a smaller net loss?
 - Is there another option that has the same net financial result but could respond more strongly to guiding principles?
 - What are the costs and benefits of not taking on the new programs?

Is new programming worth it?

- What are the costs?
 - One-time investment to develop and launch
 - Ongoing direct costs
 - Implications for other efforts
 - Opportunity cost
- What are the benefits of the programming, both financial and non-monetary?
 - Earned revenue
 - Implications for contributed revenue
 - Mission imperative
 - Community obligation
 - Awareness or presence in the market
 - Testing new ideas
- Taken together, do the costs merit the benefits?
 - Is this the experience you want to offer your community?

HCYS: Implications

Guiding principles

- Cultural representation and arts-infused learning to develop youth voice
- Community building to support social emotional development

External uncertainties

- Public health: Capacity limitations, cleaning and screening practices, ability to get PPE
- Client demand: Willingness of families to bring children to care
- Hate-motivated violence: Increase in anti-Asian incidents

Organizational response

- Programming: Reduced scale childcare combined with workforce development, maintain hybrid afterschool program, teen artist project on anti-Asian hate, community college partnership
- Operations: Potential staff reductions

Implications

- for \$250K loan or cost reduction
- Financial: Potential need Non-financial: Addressing immediate community need, develop cheaper childcare option

Tracking against your plan



- Use the tools of cash flow analysis and rolling quarterly projections to track results
- Cash flow analysis
 - Regularly updated analysis of the cash coming in and going out in current state
 - Projects 6 months to 1 year, accounting for:
 - Sources of cash
 - Uses of cash
 - Associated timing of each

- Rolling quarterly projections
 - Alternative to detailed annual budget
 - Informed by key milestones and major moving pieces in the operating model
 - Projects 1 year forward on a rolling basis
 - Tracking in the short term against key metrics
 - Level of detail decreases as projections move further out

Roles and responsibilities

- Scenario planning should be a joint enterprise between staff and board leadership
 - Board members should help set principles and parameters
 - Staff should drive the development of scenarios
- Assessing and monitoring risk is a critical responsibility of the Board
- Assuring long-term fidelity to the mission is also the Board's responsibility
 - Staff can articulate and share the difficult choices raised through this process;
 the Board needs to decide
- Results of scenario planning should inform ongoing transparent conversations with funders and supporters
 - What are the choices you have made, and why?
 - What are your critical needs?

A hidden opportunity

Disrupting norms at the sector level

- The sector continues to be undercapitalized
 - Organizations lack cash to manage and take risks
 - Business models do not adequately or sustainably support mission delivery

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- Revenue sources often prioritize service or program expansion rather than overall organizational health
- Sweat equity continues to be pervasive
- Many organizations do not fully reflect the communities they wish to serve
- How can we use this moment as an opportunity to address these issues?
 - How is this moment an opportunity to improve your service delivery, rather than going back to usual ways of doing business?

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